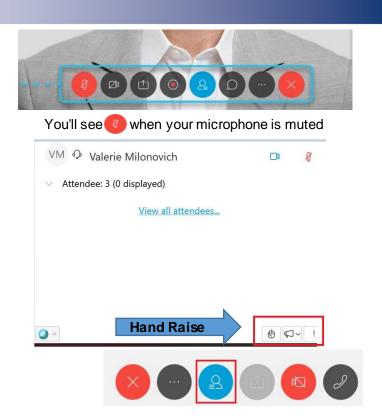


Climate Justice Working Group

Meeting Procedures

Before beginning, a few reminders to ensure a smooth discussion:

- Working Group Members should be on mute if not speaking.
 - If using phone for audio, please tap the phone mute button.
 - If using computer for audio, please click the mute button on the computer screen (1st visual).
- Video is encouraged for Working Group members, particularly when speaking.
- In the event of a question or comment, please use the hand raise function (2nd visual). Click the participant panel button (3rd visual) for the hand raise function. Rosa or Alanah will call on members individually, at which time please unmute.





April 21 Agenda

- > Welcome and Roll Call
- > Business Items
 - > Meet Sameer
 - > CAC Scoping Plan
 - > Timeline
- > Review Approach to Date
- > Critical Decisions with maps
- > Next Steps



Business Items

- > Please send Rosa & Alex your groundtruthing list!
- > Approval of Minutes
- > Climate Action Council scoping plans
- > Timeline

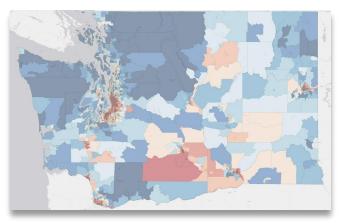




Meet Sameer Ranade: Climate Justice Poet and Environmental and Social Justice Advocate!



Excited to build on the WA health disparities mapping experience in NY!



Feel free to contact Sameer anytime about climate justice and mapping-related concerns, thoughts, or questions!

Work Email: <u>Sameer.Ranade@nyserda.ny.gov</u>

Work Cell: 347-867-5508



Advisory Panel Recommendations

Each Advisory Panel is making recommendations to CAC (8 panels)

CLCPA requests CJWG consultation on draft scoping plan; the recs are the draft scoping plan

CJWG will have the opportunity to offer feedback on the recommendations at the June 8 CAC meeting

The recommendations are extensive – If you tried to review them all it could take between 16-24 total hours per person, but we are working to highlight key parts for you and will be in touch soon on how best to share the information with you in a digestible manner well before June 8



What's Ahead

Work Ahead

- 1. Groundtruthing list
- 2. Review draft scenario maps
- 3. Review revised scenarios
- 4. One-on-one meetings
- 5. Review public meeting materials
- 6. Review draft documentation

Decisions Ahead

- 1. Proportion of state to be DACs (e.g., 25%, or 30%, or more)
- 2. Distribution of DACs (regional equity)
- 3. Consensus on indicators (set that decide criteria)
- 4. Consensus on approach (how to combine the indicators)
- 5. Consensus on scenarios to post

Also need time for: Investments & Benefits CAC scoping recommendations



Apr 19 CJWG Apr 21 Timeline + time/contributions

Apr 26



CJWG needed

- needed
- Tee up critical decisions with examples
- Groundtruthing sessions (shorter & optional)
- Review CAC Advisory Panel recommendations
- Consider/provide feedbackon critical questions/decisions
- Review CAC Advisory Panel recommendations

- First lookat draft scenarios
- Discuss Investments & Benefits
- Discuss first batch of CAC Advisory Panel recs

CJWG needed

May 31

June 7

CAC June 8

- Review draft scenarios in maps
- One-on-ones with Alex & Rosa
- Review CAC Advisory Panel recommendations

- Feedbackon draft scenario maps
- Prioritize revisions
- Prep for CAC panel recs feedbackmeeting

- Continue reviewing scenarios in maps
- Finalize written response to CAC Advisory Panel recs
- Attend/contribute to CAC meeting
- Receive revised DAC scenarios

June 14

June 21



June 28

CJWG needed

- Feedbackon revised scenarios
- Discuss public materials and/or documentation
- Review revised scenarios
- Review educational PPT for public meetings
- Review documentation

- CJWG needed
- Vote to approve draft scenarios
- Agreement on public-facing materials
- Feedbackfor documentation

- Review proposal/outline for
- public meeting process (?)

Review revised scenarios

One-on-ones with Alex & Rosa

Next Steps

What we're working on

Indicator reduction/selection (input from state & federal experts)

GIS analysis for missing indicators (Agency collaboration; GIS team)

Tableau interface

Evaluate scenarios (overlap; groundtruthing)

What we need from you

Groundtruthing community list

Carve out time to review maps



Where we are We're still here. Explore data New Ideas Track Troubleshooting Begin downloads Agree on **APPLY** criteria **LEARN** TEST **DEVELOP** Adjust Prioritize **ADJUST** Create **RE-APPLY** combinations Test Iterate Optimize Observe/Research Grow Identify Need Identify data and data wrangle Agree on criteria Create designations and iterate

Working on two fronts

Data and Indicators

- Working on critical data pieces

 environmental and climate
 risk indicators
- 2. Prioritizing critical indicators with experts (DEC, DOH, climate)

Scoring and Designation

- Considering scoring options: Grouping, weighting, regional scoring
- 2. Comparing scenarios



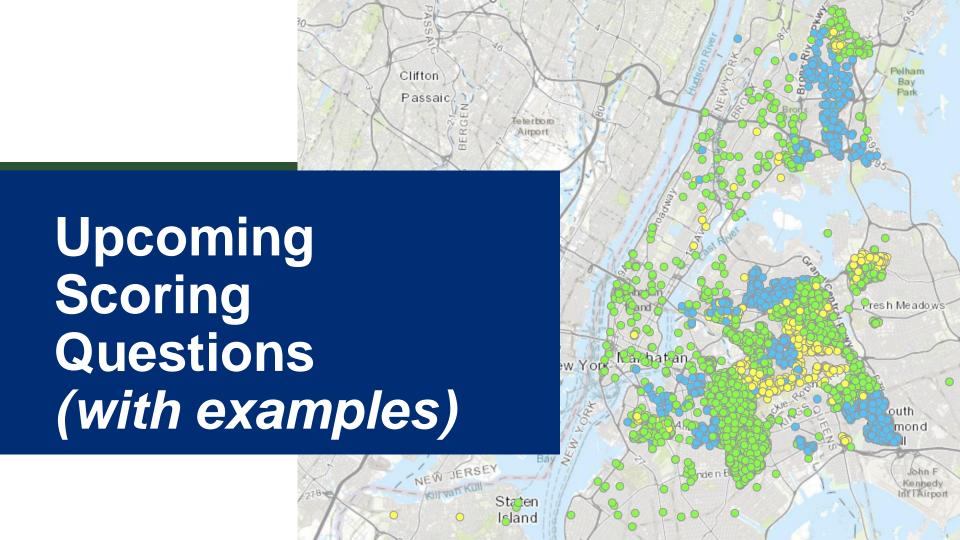
Indicators we're still waiting for

- Climate: Flood risk, storm surge, sea level rise (optional: extreme temperatures, vegetative cover)
- Health: Premature death, low birthweight
- 3. Environmental hazards:
 Proximity to state
 permitted/regulated facilities
 (various)
- **4. Other:** Distance/access to healthcare facilities



These will change the scenarios





Reference Slides: Questions that will come up as you start looking at mapping



← trying to get ahead of documentation

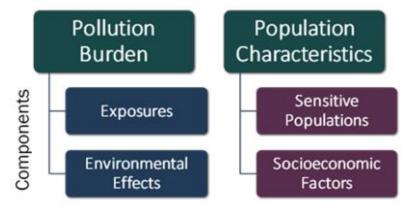
https://i.gifer.com/EcFk.gif



Combining data is a stepped process

We can't just add all the indicators we select together.

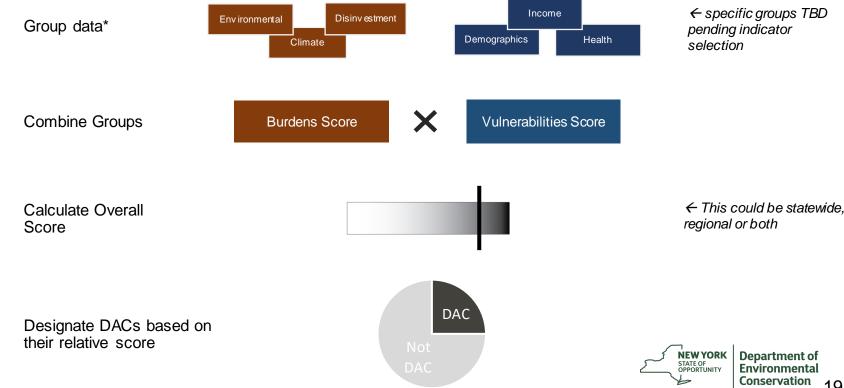
We need to group indicators that "speak to" a specific concept together.



^ How CalEnviroScreen groups things together (our groups will likely differ)



Combining Data



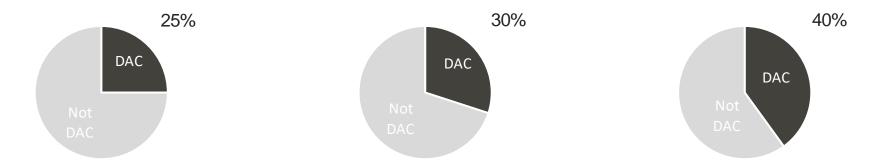
Critical Question for CJWG: Share of DACs

In general, what share of communities (census tracts) should be designated as DACs?



Critical Question for CJWG: Share of DACs

In general, what share of communities (census tracts) should be designated as DACs?



Since scoring is **relative** (slide 34), there is no clear or objective line or formula where everyone above the line is a DAC and below the line is not.

We can show maps with different thresholds for you to compare.



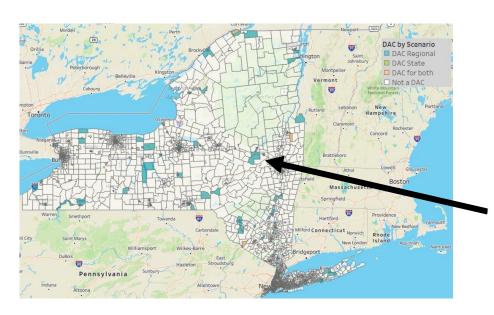
Critical Question for CJWG: Regional Parity

What does regional parity look like for you? What if NYC has more DACs than other areas? Is that okay or should we aim to adjust things?



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What does regional parity look like for you? What if NYC has more DACs than other areas? Is that okay or should we aim to adjust things?





If we only calculate scores statewide (e.g., compare every community to the whole state), NYC will likely have far more tracts with high scores

Blue areas emerge as potential DACs if we look at NYC scores separately from Rest-of-State



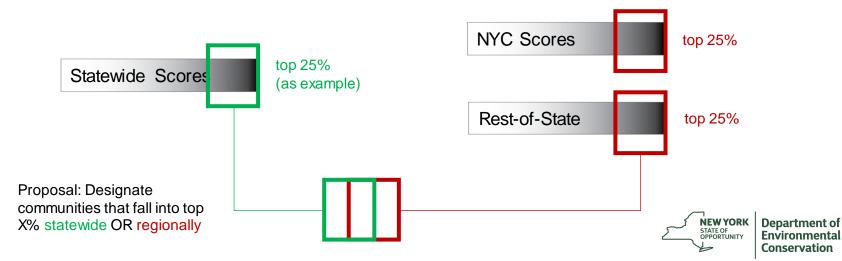
Critical Question for CJWG: Regional Parity

Statewide Score

Look at how each community ranks (on all of the data) within the **entire** state

Regional Scores

Look at how each community ranks (on all of the data) in NYC separately from the rest of the state (to allow more Upstate and rural areas to be DACs)



Example of Regional Results

Besides looking at maps, how proportional is the distribution of DACs?

Percent of All Percent of **DACs** Census Tracts (32% of state) New York City 44% 57% Long Island 6.0% 12.5% Mid-Hudson 11.0% 9.1% Western NY 7.4% 7.9% Finger Lakes 6.3% 5.0% Capital Region 5.8% 4.2% Central NY 4.5% 4.3% Southern Tier 3.5% 2.7% Most rural Mohawk Valley 3.0% 2.8% regions North Country 2.2% 1.3% \$ 51,828 Average of Median Income \$73,913 Average % BIPOC 45% 69% Pct that are HUD QCTs 67% 22%



In this scenario, Western NY makes up 7.9% of DACs, while it's 7.4% of all census tracts

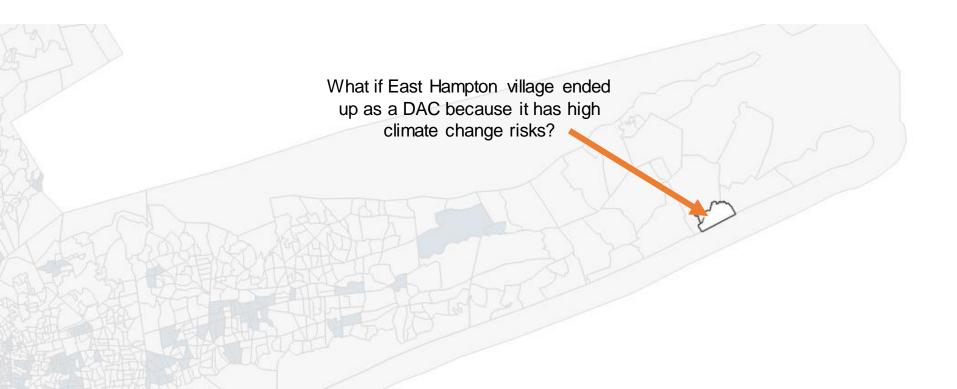


Critical Question for CJWG: "Super" Criteria

Should any criteria (like low income) be a final or "super" criteria or filter?

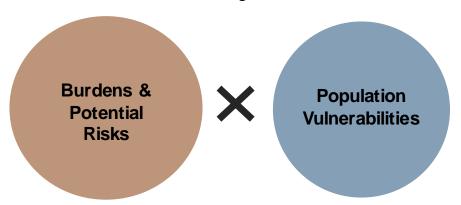


What if non-low-income communities score as DACs based on burdens and vulnerabilities?

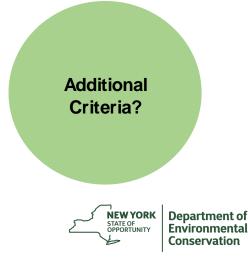


What if non-low-income communities score as DACs based on burdens and vulnerabilities?

It's possible that some communities that score high on the combined index may not be low income or high BIPOC...



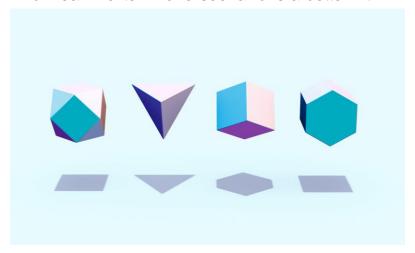
...Should any criteria (like low income) be a final or "super" criteria or filter?





Evaluating Scenarios

How can we tell if one scenario is a better fit?



Groundtruthing (alignment) against...

...Your selected tracts

...Other definitions (e.g., BOAs, historical redlining?)

Regional distribution: What seems equitable?

Key criteria: Low income, BIPOC....?



Your list of DACs & Not DACs

Still needed for groundtruthing!

Go to https://public.tableau.com/views/NYCensustracts/NYMap?:language=en&:display_count=y&:origin=viz_share_link

Hover over the map to get the census tract name – it's a long number Write down the following:

- Tracts you think should be DACs
- Tracts you think should NOT be DACs
- Reason why it's a DAC or not
- Send email to Rosa and Alex with your thoughts



Similarities to CalEnviroScreen

Iterative improvements

We have learned (and are using/adapting) a lot from CalEnviroScreen and California's DAC definition

Approach	Similarities
Relative Scoring	Relative scoring approach – Use percentiles of underlying data; calculate overall score on multiple variables
Multiple Criteria	Evaluate multiple pollution sources, burdens and stressors; consider population characteristics and public health
Combining Burdens with Vulnerabilities	Develop overall score for each of two components, and multiply scores
Designation of DACs	Uses relative scoring results to identify communities with relatively higher scores on multiple indicators; designates top X% as DACs

California has had (and we assume) several improvements and iterations



Differences with CalEnviroScreen

We are using/adapting a lot from CalEnviroScreen and California's DAC definition, but there are some key differences

CalEnviroScreen

Developed as **screening tool** to help identify (but not designate) communities

Focused on pollution exposure & population characteristics more sensitive to pollution

Does not include race/ethnicity

All scores and designation are relative to statewide levels

New York Definition

We need to **identify and designate** communities as "disadvantaged" for the purpose of directing investments and benefits

Expands beyond environmental indicators to consider (a) historical discrimination and disinvestment, and (b) climate risks and vulnerabilities

Includes race/ethnicity and considers structural racism

Considering separate scores for NYC vs. rest of state (to allow more rural communities to designated)

